

Physics 570B, Spring 2011
Assignment 13
Due Tuesday, May. 3

Our final exam is Tuesday, May 10 at 8:00 AM. You may bring two pages of handwritten notes to this exam.

This assignment is somewhat different than your usual assignments in that it requires you to put together quite a number of different ideas to finally get an answer. On the other hand, it is a straightforward extension of the problem that I will work in detail in lecture. I hope that you find this valuable in learning the difficult subject of calculating decay rates.

1. Generalize the model of a mechanical oscillator coupled to a stretched string that we discussed in class to an oscillator coupled to a stretched membrane. To be specific, consider a mechanical harmonic oscillator with mass M and spring constant κ and a stretched membrane with mass per unit area ρ and tension τ . (Remember that for a membrane a “tension” is a force per length.) The membrane is square, covering the region $-L/2 < x < L/2$ and $-L/2 < y < L/2$. The mechanical oscillator is coupled to the center of the membrane with a perturbing Hamiltonian $V = \lambda qz(0, 0)$ where q is the coordinate of the oscillator and $z(x, y)$ is the displacement of the membrane at position (x, y) . At time $t = 0$ the membrane is in its ground state and the mechanical oscillator is in state N . Calculate the decay rate for the excitation of the oscillator. **Explain your work in detail.**
 - (a) Write the Hamiltonian for this problem
 - (b) What are the unperturbed eigenstates?
 - (c) What is the density of states for excitations of the membrane?
 - (d) Write the Hamiltonian for the membrane using raising and lowering operators
 - (e) Use Fermi’s golden rule to compute the decay rate
 - (f) How would the decay rate change if the size of the membrane were increased? For example, if L was replaced by $2L$.

This counts as four problems.