Quark-Gluon Plasma Theoretical Foundations

An annotated reprint collection

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Introduction

The purpose of this volume is to trace the development of the theoretical understanding of quark-gluon plasma, both in terms of the equation of state and thermal correlation functions and in terms of its manifestation in high energy nuclear collisions. Who among us has not wondered how tall a mountain is on a neutron star, what happens when matter is heated and compressed to higher and higher densities, what happens when an object falls into a black hole, or what happened eons ago in the early universe? The study of quark-gluon plasma is related in one way or another to these and other thought provoking questions.

Oftentimes the most eloquent exposition is given in the original papers. To this end we have made a selection of what are, in our opinion, the most important pioneering papers in this field. The early 1950's was an era when high energy multiparticle production in cosmic ray interactions attracted the attention of some of the brightest minds in physics, and so it should be no surprise that the first reprinted papers deal with the introduction of statistical models of particle production. The quark model arose in the 1960's, while QCD as such was recognized as the theory of the strong interactions in the 1970's. The behavior of matter at high temperatures and supranuclear densities became of wide interest in the nuclear and particle physics communities starting in the 1970's, which is when the concept of quark-gluon plasma became established. We have traced the history of the field up to the early 1990's.

We have three reasons for stopping at that point in time. First, most of the key theoretical concepts and formalisms arose before 1993, although many of them continue to be developed today and hopefully well into the future. Second, papers written after 1992 are much more readily available than those writen before due to the advent of the World Wide Web and its electronic preprint databases and journals. Finally, in making this collection of reprints available as hardcopy we are limited in the number of pages, and we would need to delete some in the present selection in order to make room for post-1993 papers. For the same reason our subject focus must of necessity be limited, which means that we do not address in our reprint collection two wide subject areas: we do not report on the behavior

of nuclear matter under extreme conditions, nor on quark matter in neutron stars.

The broad categories into which we have placed the material reflect the diverse studies of quark-gluon plasma and its manifestation. They are: phase-space models of particle production, perturbative QCD plasma, lattice gauge theory, fluid dynamics and flow, strangeness, heavy flavor (charm), electromagnetic signals, parton cascade and minijets, parton energy loss and jet quenching, Hanbury Brown-Twiss (HBT) interferometry, disoriented chiral condensates, phase transition dynamics and cosmology, and color superconductivity. Each chapter is prefaced by an introduction, which contains a list of significant papers which is more complete than the papers we have room to reprint, though by no means exhaustive. It also contains citations to most relevant papers published up to the date of completion of this volume (fall 2002). We hope that our short reviews will help bring the reader up to date on the latest developments.

The selection of papers we cite in each chapter, and in particular the ones selected for reprinting, is solely our responsibility. It is based on our best judgement and experience in this field dating back to the mid-1970's. In order to be reprinted a paper must have been pioneering in the sense of originality and impact on the field. Generally they have been cited over a hundred times by other papers published in refereed journals. The final selection was reviewed and discussed among us repeatedly. Just because a paper is not included does not mean we do not know of it or do not have a high regard for it. We apologize in advance to the affected authors.

After making our selections we sought the independent opinions of Jean-Paul Blaizot, Laszlo Csernai, Miklos Gyulassy, Rolf Hagedorn, Ulrich Heinz, Keijo Kajantie, Frithjof Karsch, Larry McLerran, Robert Pisarski, Helmut Satz, Edward Shuryak, and Jozsef Zimanyi, to whom we are very grateful for their advice. Nevertheless the ultimate responsibility is ours and ours alone.

All of the papers cited or reprinted are original research contributions. There are three other types of publications we would like to list here in the introduction. The first is a compilation of books. The second is a list of reviews, many of which contain a significant amount of original material. The third is a list of the proceedings of the series of Quark Matter meetings, the primary series of international conferences in this field that is attended by both theorists and experimentalists.

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