

## Homework #6 for Physics 371

Due 4pm Friday, March 4

1–6) Griffiths, 2.8, 2.38, 2.39, 3.7, 3.26, 3.27

7) For linear operators  $\hat{A}$ ,  $\hat{B}$ , and  $\hat{C}$ , show that

a)  $[\hat{A}, \hat{B} + \hat{C}] = [\hat{A}, \hat{B}] + [\hat{A}, \hat{C}]$ ,

b)  $[\hat{A}, \hat{B}\hat{C}] = \hat{B}[\hat{A}, \hat{C}] + [\hat{A}, \hat{B}]\hat{C}$ .

c) Show that  $[f(x), \hat{p}_x] = i\hbar \frac{df}{dx}$ .

8) A particle moves in one dimension with Hamiltonian  $\hat{H} = \hat{p}_x^2/2m + V(\hat{x})$ . Show that the uncertainties  $\Delta p_x$  and  $\Delta E$  obey the inequality

$$\Delta p_x \Delta E \geq \frac{\hbar}{2} \left| \left\langle \frac{\partial V}{\partial x} \right\rangle \right|.$$

What does this imply for stationary states?

9) Show that for a particle moving in one dimension,

$$m \frac{d^2}{dt^2} \langle x \rangle = \left\langle -\frac{\partial V}{\partial x} \right\rangle.$$

Hint: Use the identity

$$\frac{d}{dt} \langle Q \rangle = \left\langle \frac{\partial Q}{\partial t} \right\rangle + \frac{1}{i\hbar} \langle [\hat{Q}, \hat{H}] \rangle$$

one or more times.